## IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 25-45 and 47-51 and 53 without prejudice to their consideration in a continuing application.

1. to 53. (Cancelled)

54. (Previously Presented) A method of determining a property of a liquid using a sensing element comprising:

providing a flexible element having a first end and a second end and being movable from a first configuration to a second configuration via bending of said flexible element, said flexible element comprising an actuating portion arranged to move said flexible element between said first configuration and said second configuration, the flexible element having a length from the first end to the second end, the actuating portion being distributed along the length, a first section of the actuating portion being proximate the first end, and a second section of the actuating portion being proximate the second end;

inducing movement in said flexible element between said first configuration and said second configuration by applying a heat signal to said flexible element, the movement of the second end of the flexible element between said first and second configurations being at least  $30\mu m$ ;

receiving a signal from said sensing element, said signal being indicative of the induced movement of the flexible element within the liquid; and

processing said signal to determine a value indicative of at least one property of the liquid.

55. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, wherein said signal

is processed to determine a value indicative of at least one property of a group comprising

viscosity, temperature, flow rate and shear rate.

56. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, further comprising:

determining a rate of change of movement of said flexible element, by monitoring a

change in the received signal with time; and

determining a value indicative of the viscosity of the liquid from said rate of change

of movement.

57. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, further comprising:

determining an amplitude of movement of said flexible element from said received

signal for a given applied heat signal; and

determining a value indicative of the viscosity of the liquid from said amplitude.

58. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 55, further comprising:

determining a change in said movement of said flexible element; and

determining a value indicative of a flow rate of the liquid from said change in

movement, said change in movement being due to flow of the liquid against said flexible

element.

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59. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 58, further comprising:

determining a value indicative of a shear rate of the liquid by determination of the flow rate

at a plurality of locations within the liquid.

60. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, wherein said

actuating portion of said flexible element comprises a laminate of at least two layers, each

layer having a different coefficient of thermal expansion, and wherein, prior to induction of

movement by application of the heat signal, a value indicative of the temperature of the

liquid is determined.

61. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, wherein the device

comprises a plurality of flexible elements, such that the plurality of flexible elements may

be used to determine a value indicative of at least one property of the liquid in a plurality of

locations.

62. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, wherein the device

comprises a plurality of flexible elements, at least one of the plurality being used to cause

a flow within the liquid, and at least one of the plurality being used to determine a value

indicative of at least one property of the liquid.

63. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, further comprising

holding the flexible element in at least one of said two configurations by a magnetic force.

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64. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, further comprising

holding the flexible element in at least one of said two configurations by an electrostatic

force.

65. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 54, wherein said

received signal is indicative of a maximum deflection of the flexible element, said signal

being processed to determine the viscosity of the liquid.

66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 54 wherein the length of the

flexible element from the first end to the second end is between 100µm and 1mm.

67. (Previously Presented) A device for detecting a property of a liquid

comprising:

a body region;

a flexible element having a first end and a second end, said first end being fixedly

located on said body region, said flexible element being arranged to move from at least a

first configuration to a second configuration via bending of said flexible element, the

second end of the flexible element moving at least 30µm between said first and second

configurations;

said flexible element including a laminate of at least two layers and an actuating

portion arranged to move said flexible element between said first configuration and said

second configuration, the actuating portion being provided by at least a first layer of said

laminate having a different coefficient of thermal expansion from a second layer of said

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laminate such that a change in temperature of said flexible element moves the flexible

element from said first configuration to said second configuration;

said flexible element further including a heating element for heating at least said

flexible element and providing a change in temperature;

a movement detector arranged to detect said movement of said flexible element,

and to provide a signal indicative of a property of a liquid in which the flexible element is

immersed; and

wherein said flexible element has a length from the first end to the second end, and

said actuating portion is distributed along the length, a first section of said actuating portion

being proximate the first end, and a second section of said actuating portion being

proximate the second end.

68. (Previously Presented ) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein said

movement detector comprises a piezoresistive element located on said flexible element

arranged such that the electrical resistance of the piezoresistive element changes due to

movement of said flexible element.

69. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, further comprising

latching means arranged to hold the flexible element in at least one of said two

configurations.

70. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein said

movement detector comprises an electromagnetic radiation source arranged to direct

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radiation towards said element, and an electromagnetic radiation detector arranged to

detect electromagnetic radiation at least one of: reflected from, transmitted through,

refracted from or diffracted by said flexible element.

71. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein at least one

of the first and second layers of said laminate comprises a polymer.

72. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 71, wherein at least one

of the first and second layers of said laminate comprises a material selected from a group

consisting of polyimides, polyamides and acrylic polymers.

73. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein the second

layer of said laminate comprises a metal.

74. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 73, wherein the metal is

selected from a group consisting of gold or aluminium.

75. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein the length

of the flexible element from the first end to the second end is between 100 µm and 1mm,

and wherein the distance between the second end of the flexible element in said first

configuration and the second end of the flexible element in said second configuration is

between 30µm and 650µm.

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76. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 67, wherein the device

comprises a plurality of flexible elements.

77. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 76, wherein the plurality

of flexible elements are arranged in a first row and a second row, each row comprising at

least one flexible element, the flexible elements being arranged such that the at least one

flexible element of the first row extends in opposition to the at least one flexible element of

the second row.

78. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 77, wherein the plurality

of flexible elements are interdigitated.

79. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 39, wherein said

piezoresistive element is located on the flexible element at a position remote from the body

region.

80. (Previously Presented) A device as claimed in claim 68, wherein said

piezoresistive element is formed as a layer of the laminate of said flexible element.

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